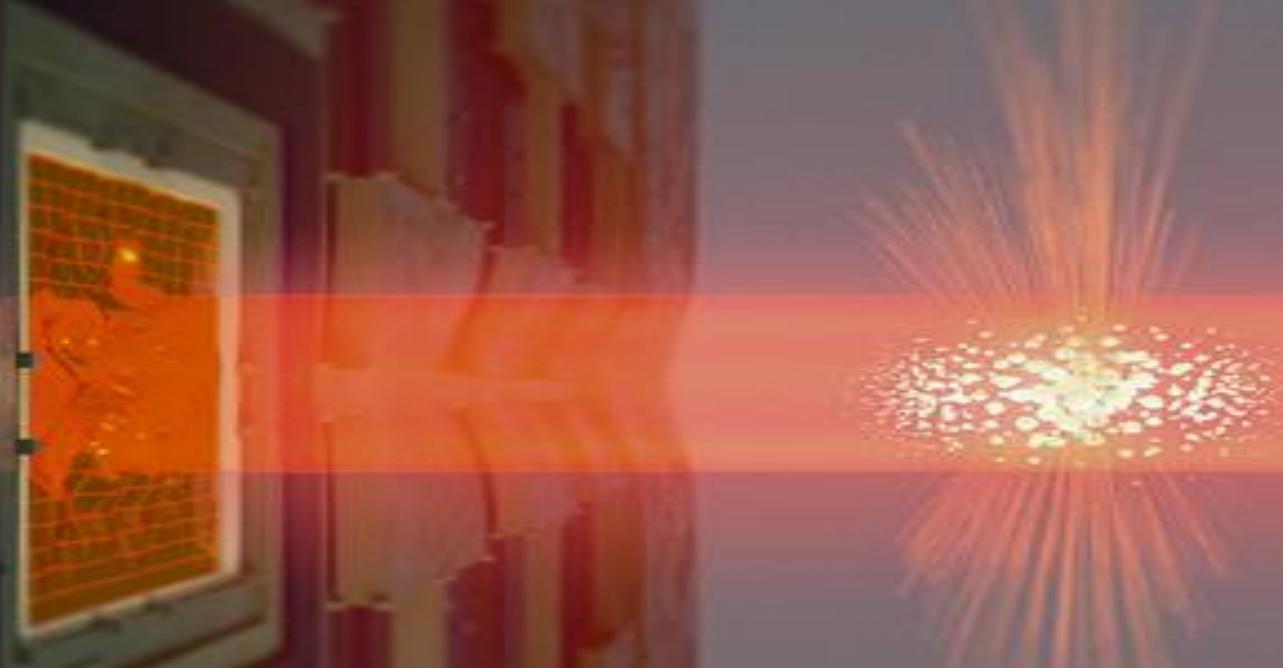


GWD beyond SQL with the negative mass spin oscillator



Eugene Polzik
Niels Bohr Institute
Copenhagen

EUREKA
program



European Research Council

Established by the European Commission

John
Templeton
Foundation

X, P – noncommuting variables

Standard Quantum Limit
for motion of a free mass

$$X(t) = X + \frac{Pt}{m}, \quad \Delta X \Delta P \geq \frac{\hbar}{2} \Rightarrow$$
$$[\Delta X(t)]^2 \geq (\Delta X)^2 + \frac{\hbar^2 t^2}{4m^2(\Delta X)^2} \geq \frac{\hbar t}{m} \quad (\text{SQL})$$

Motion in reference frame with negative mass

$P+P_0, X-X_0$ – commuting variables
can be measured precisely

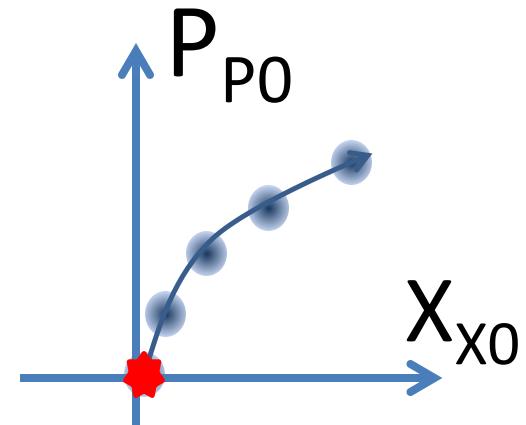
Slide 3



Beyond SQL

$$\begin{aligned}X(t)_{X_0} &= X(0)_{X_0} + (\dot{X} - \dot{X}_0)t \\&= X(0)_{X_0} + (P + P_0)t/m = \\&= X(0)_{X_0} + \text{classical dynamics}\end{aligned}$$

$$m_0 = -m$$



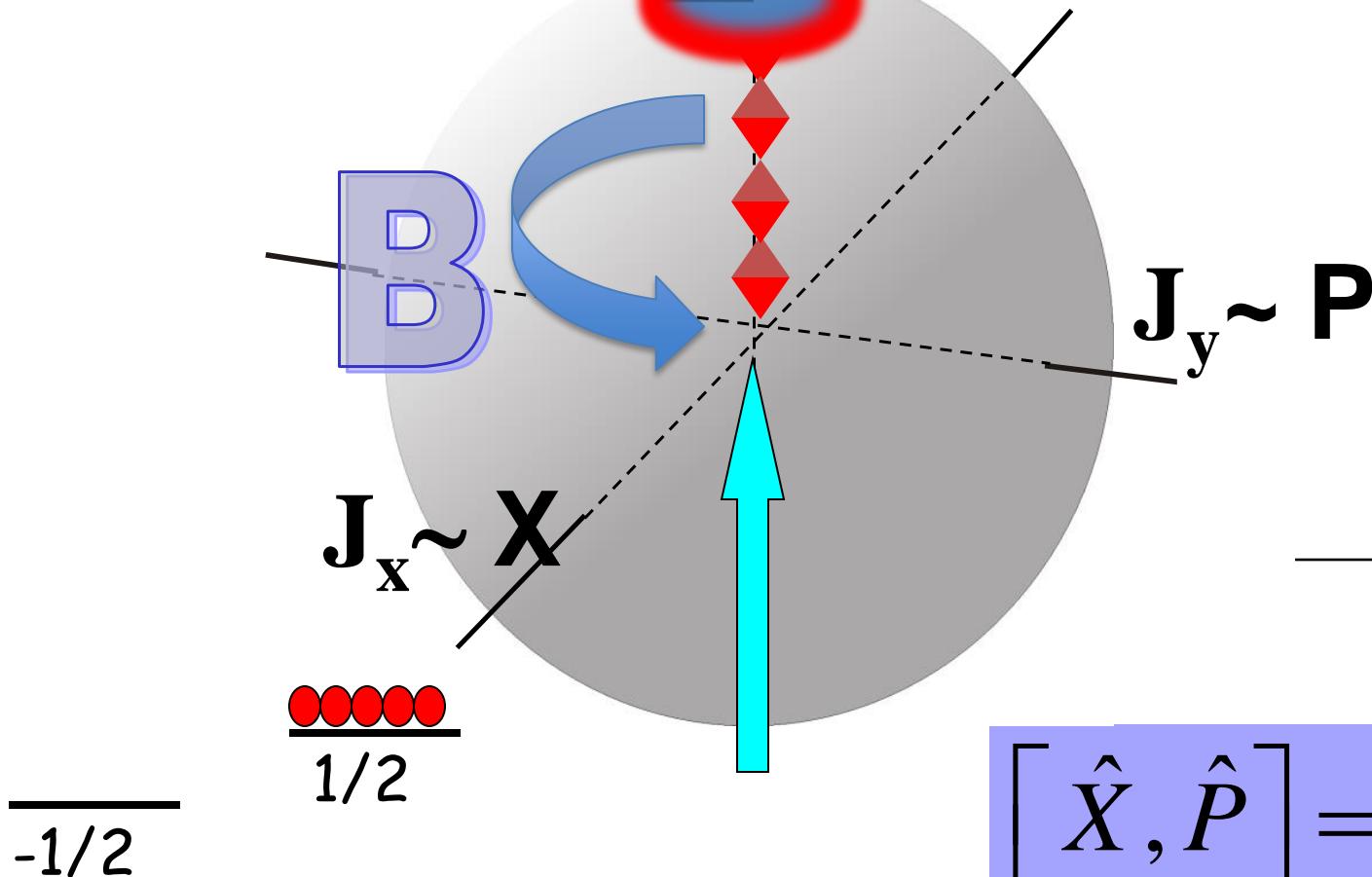
Spin ensemble = negative mass harmonic oscillator

$$[\hat{J}_x, \hat{J}_y] = iJ_z$$

$$J_z|$$

$$J = \sum_{i=1}^N j_i$$

Slide 4

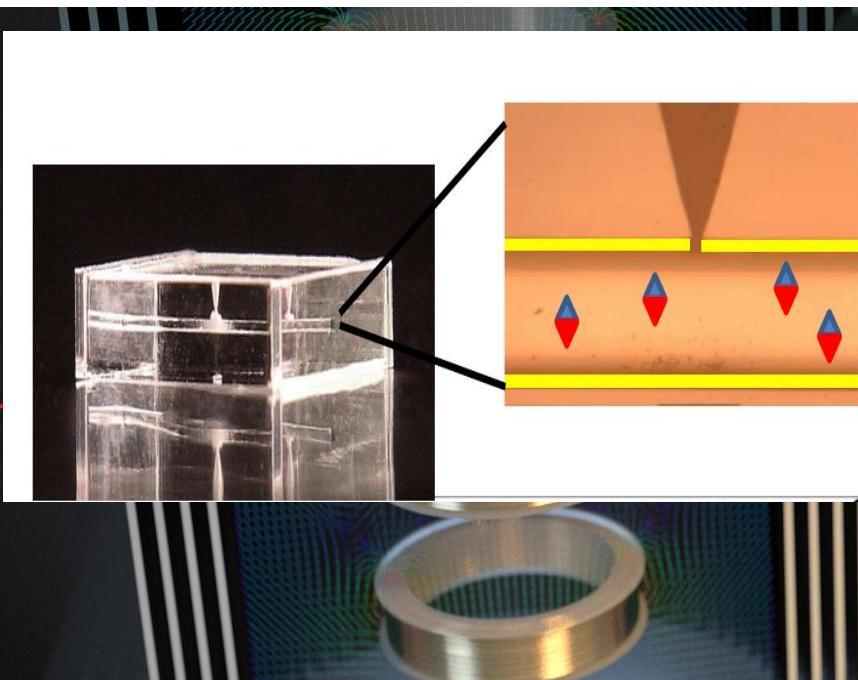


$$[\hat{X}, \hat{P}] = i$$

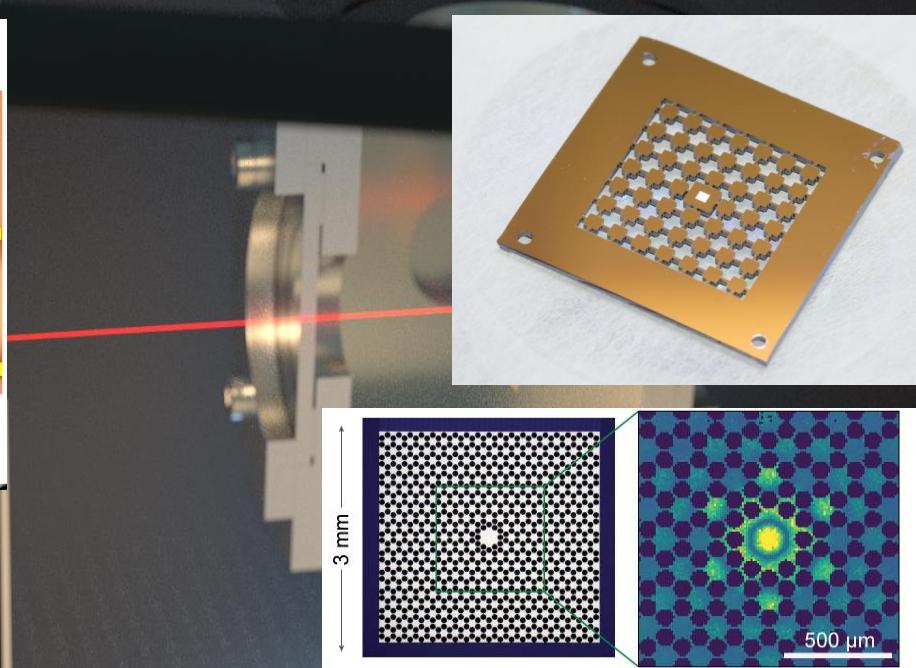
Negative mass oscillator

Holstein-Primakoff

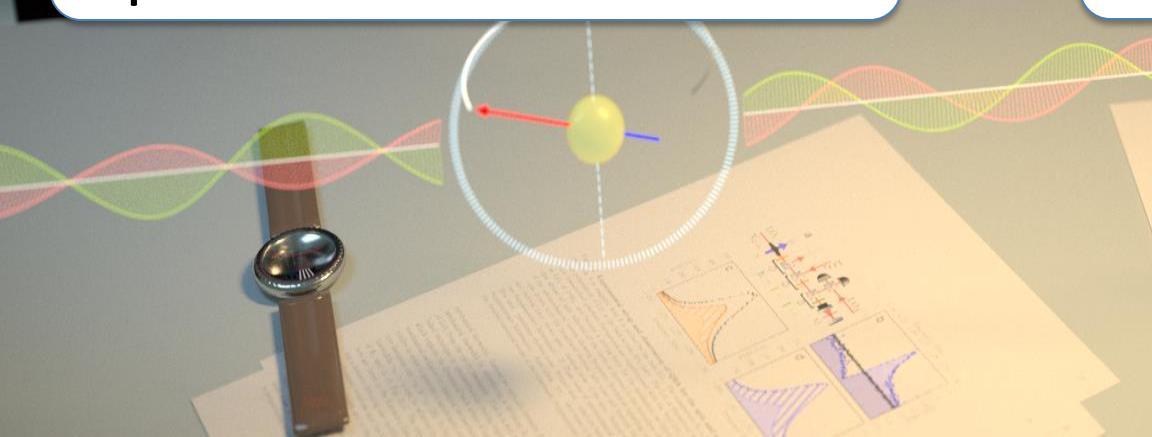
Experimental demonstration for SPIN and Nano-MECHANICS



Room temperature spin quantum oscillator



Mechanical oscillator with $Q = 1$ billion



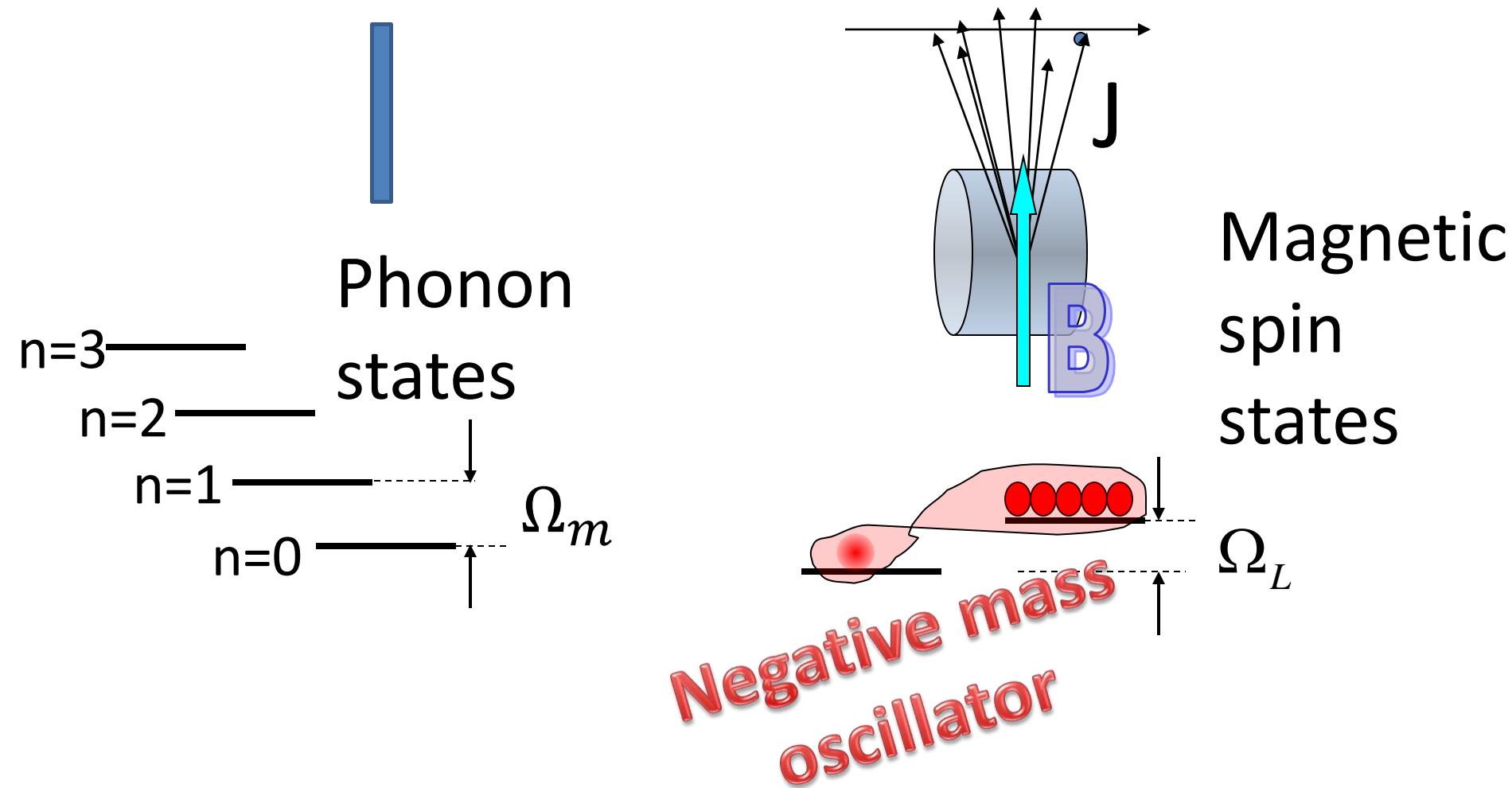
Slide 5

Image credit

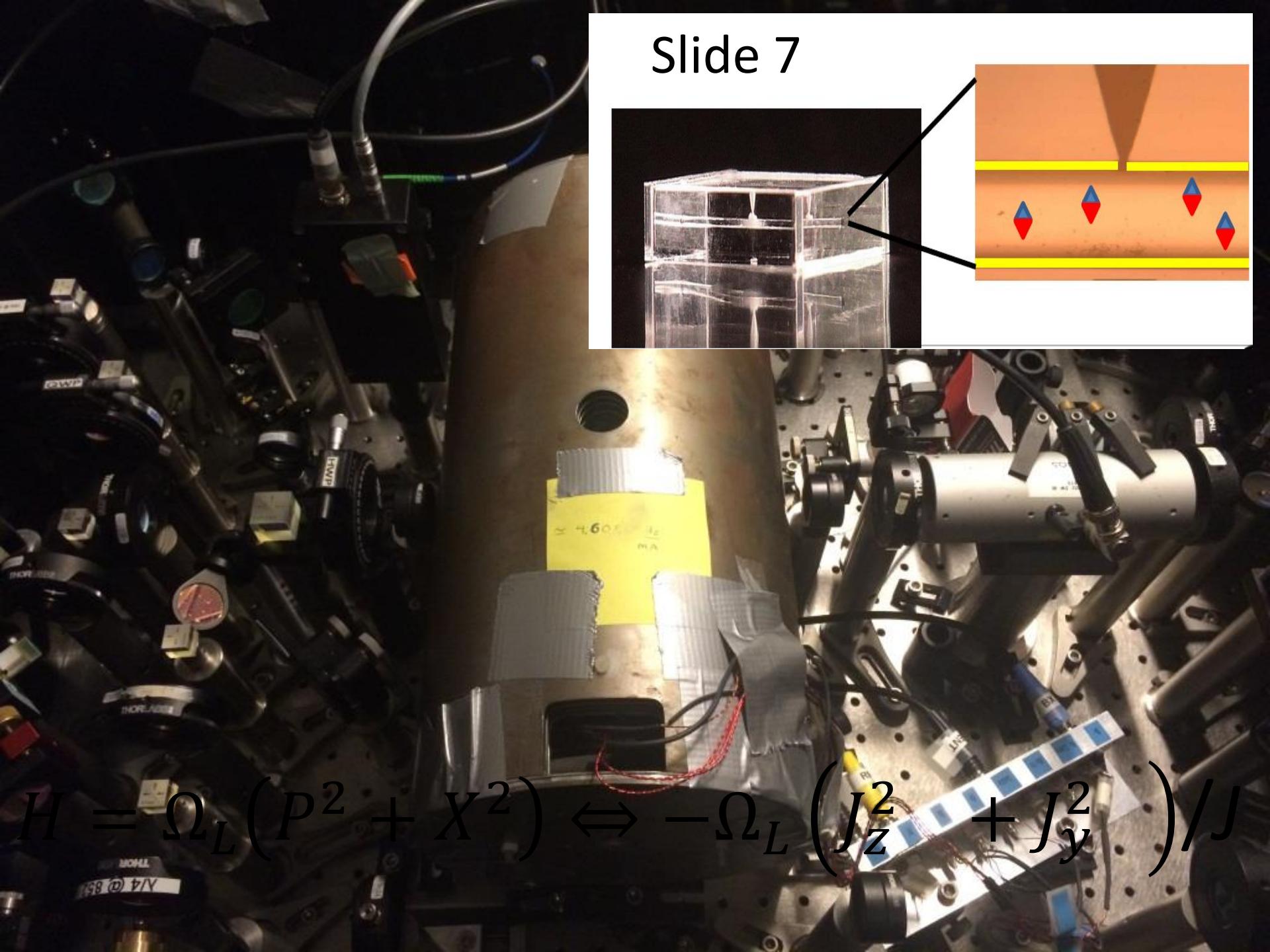
Bastian Leonhardt Strube and Mads Vadsholt

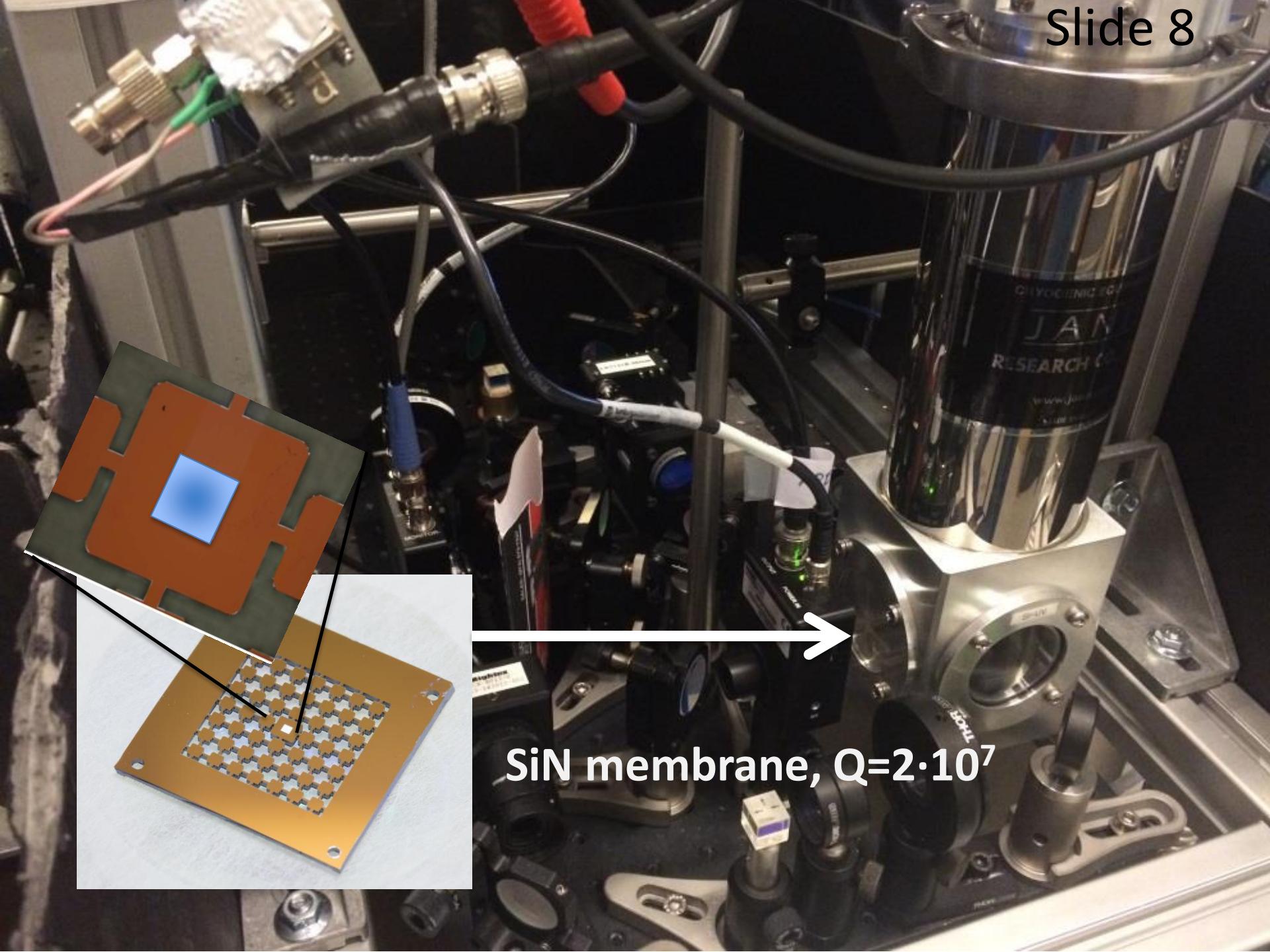
Quantum back-action-evading measurement of motion in a negative mass reference frame

Christoffer B. Møller^{1*}, Rodrigo A. Thomas^{1*}, Georgios Vasilakis^{1,2}, Emil Zeuthen^{1,3}, Yeghishe Tsaturyan¹, Mikhail Balabas^{1,4}, Kasper Jensen¹, Albert Schliesser¹, Clemens Hammerer³ & Eugene S. Polzik¹

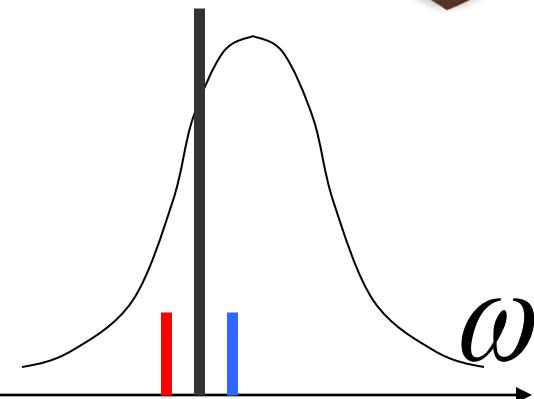
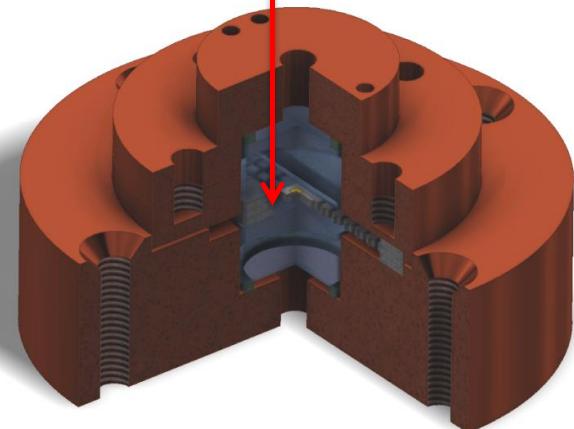
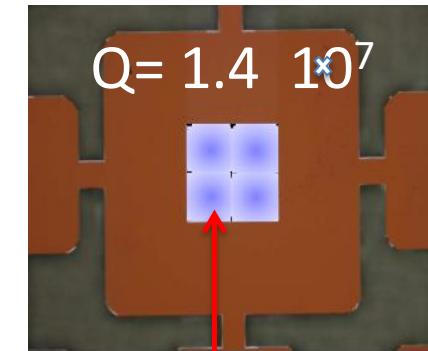
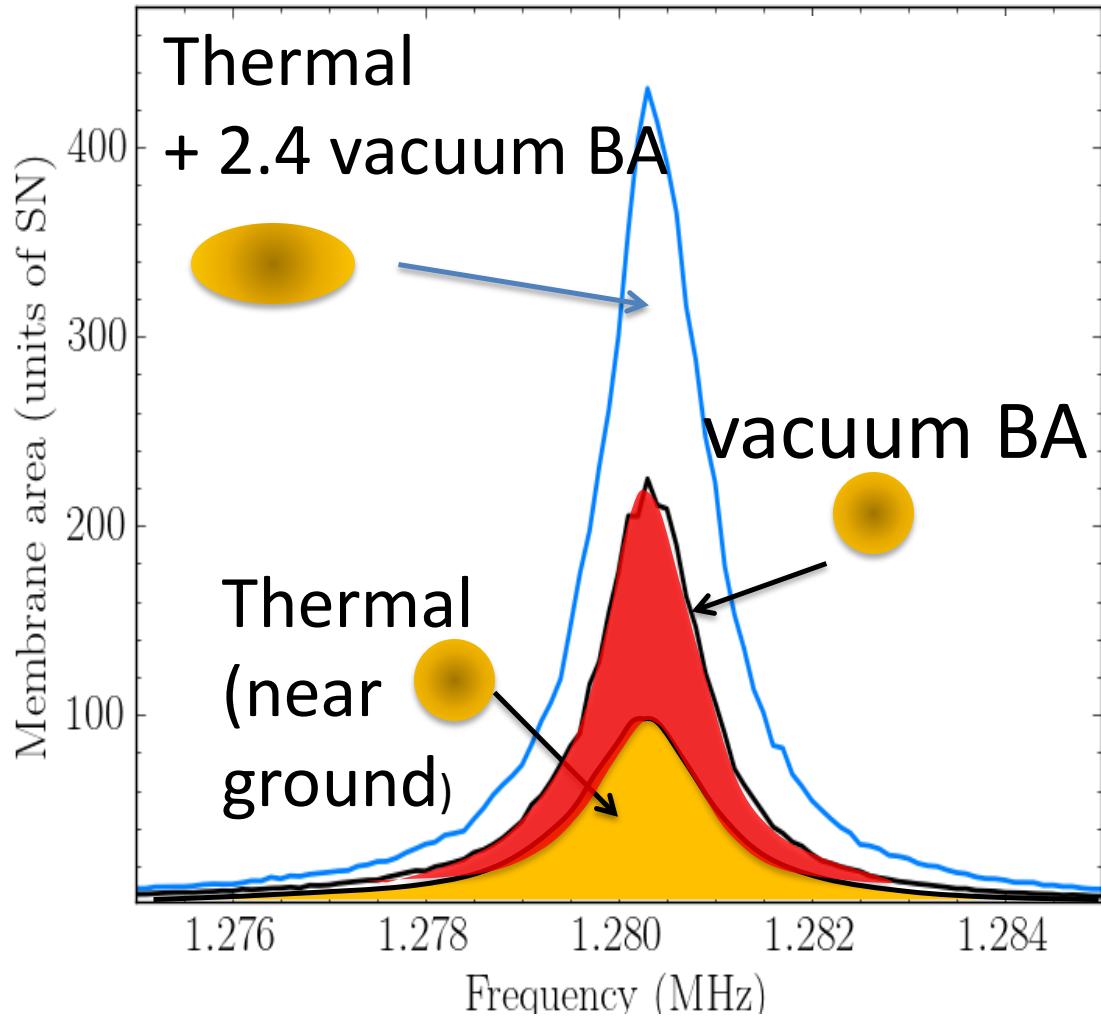


Slide 7





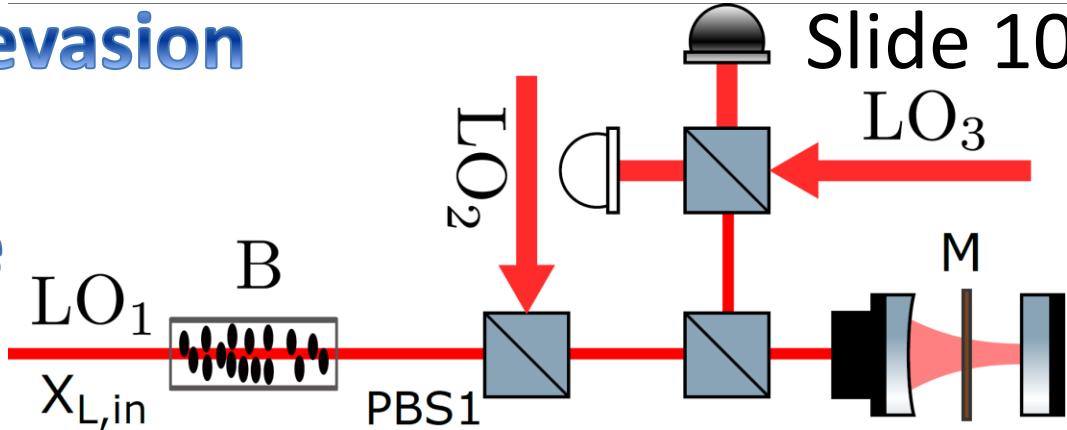
Mechanical oscillator. Cooling + Q back action



See also: Regal group, Science 2013; Stamper-Kurn group, Nat. Phys. 2016

Quantum back action evasion in the spin reference frame

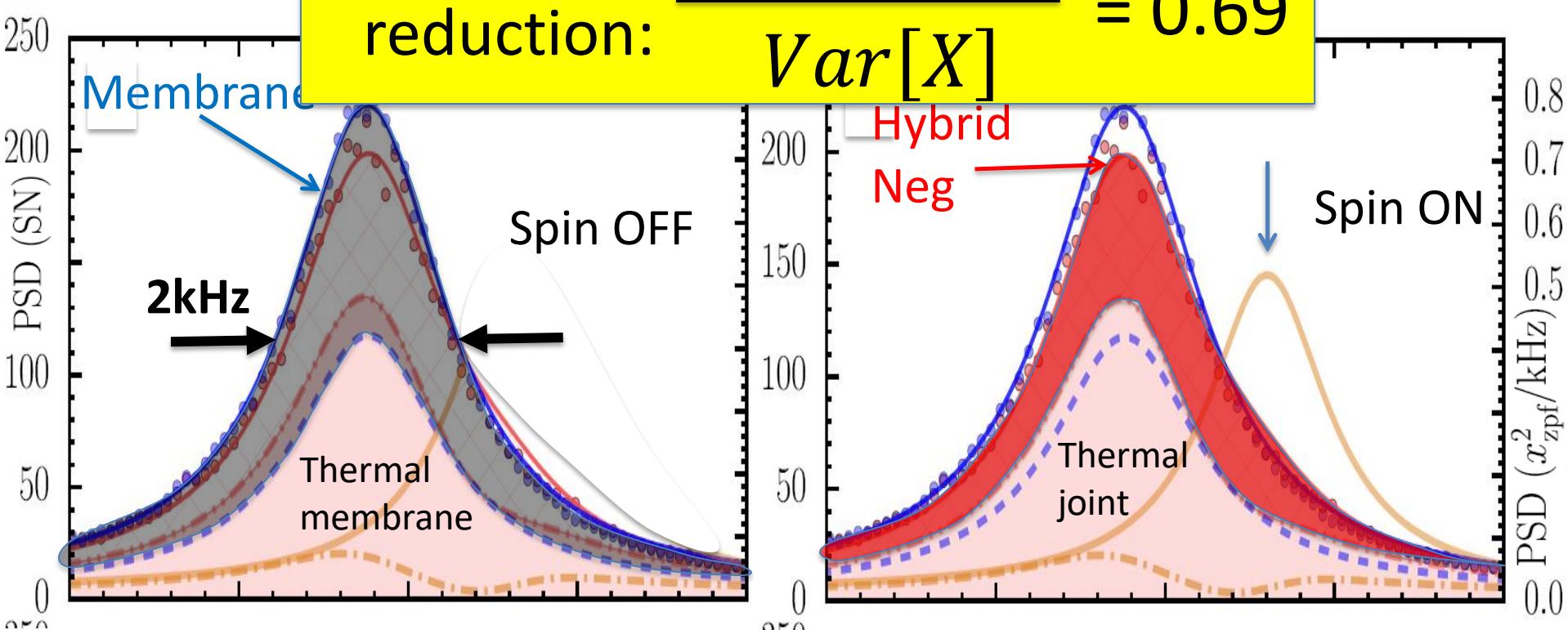
Slide 10



QBA

reduction:

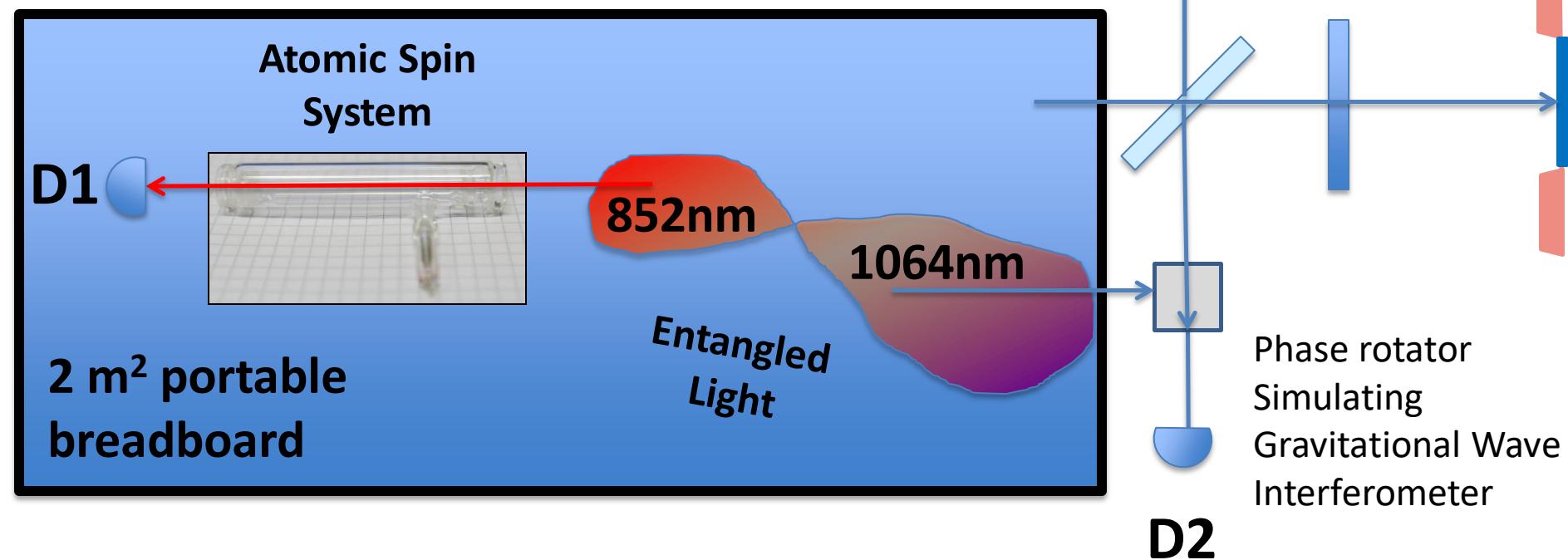
$$\frac{Var[X - X_0]}{Var[X]} = 0.69$$



Advanced proposal in preparation.

Slide 11

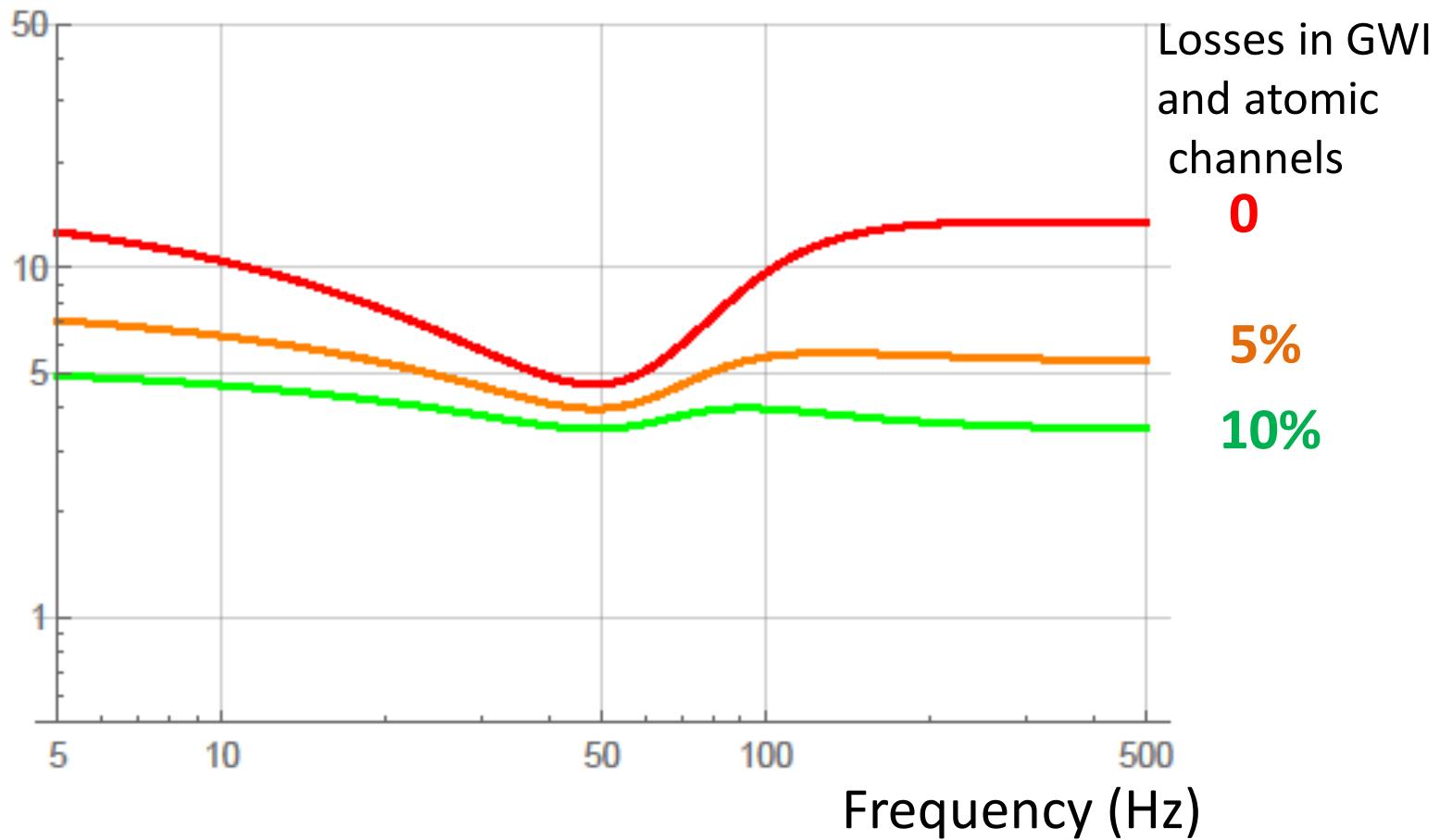
Gravitational Wave Interferometer



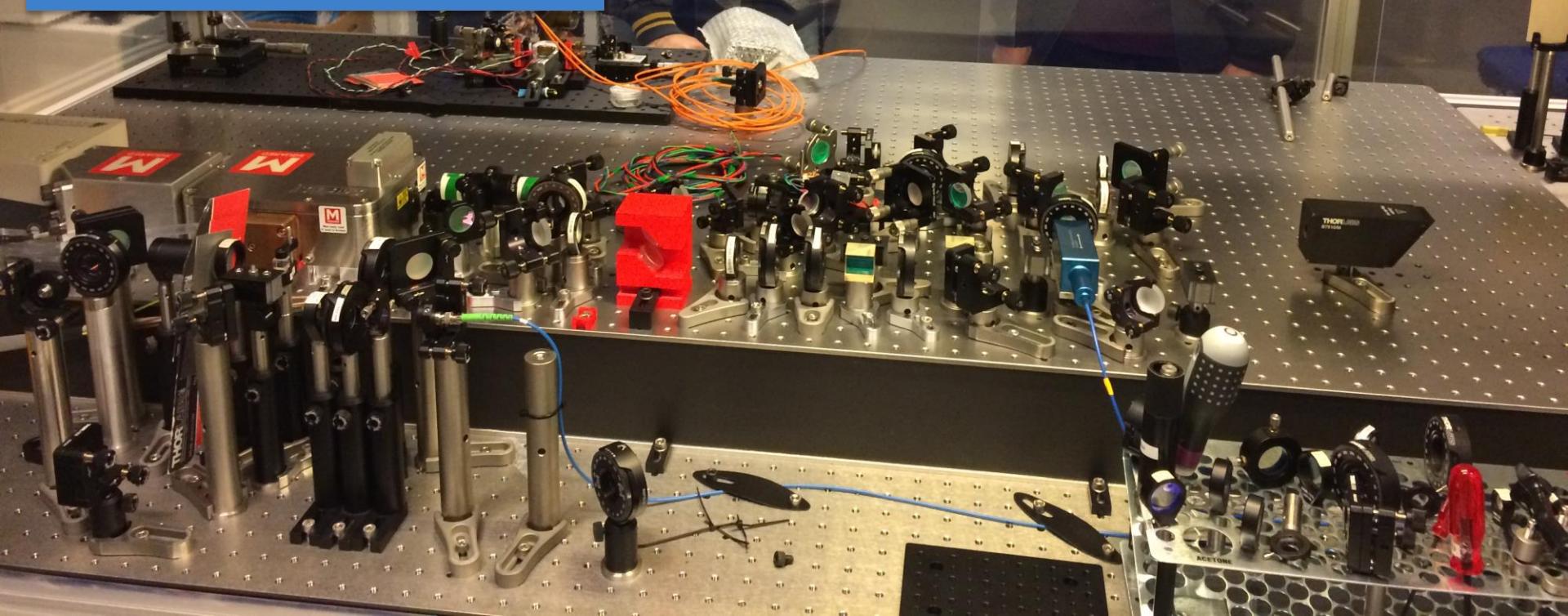
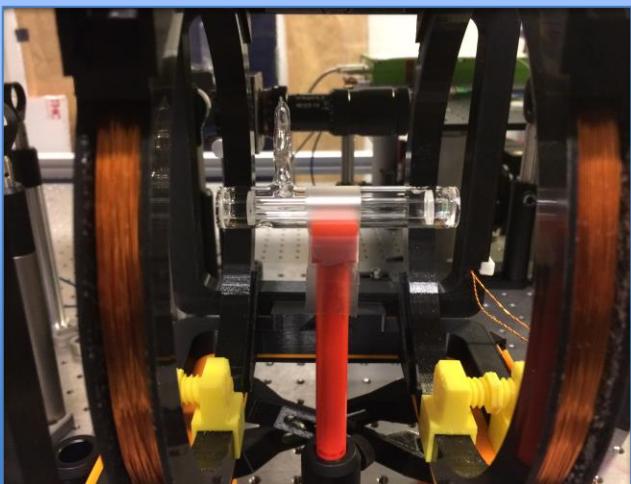
No change is GWD core optics required

Expected improvement in sensitivity (variance) for aLIGO (ET – similar)

Slide 12



ET parameters taken from ET-0106C-10.pdf



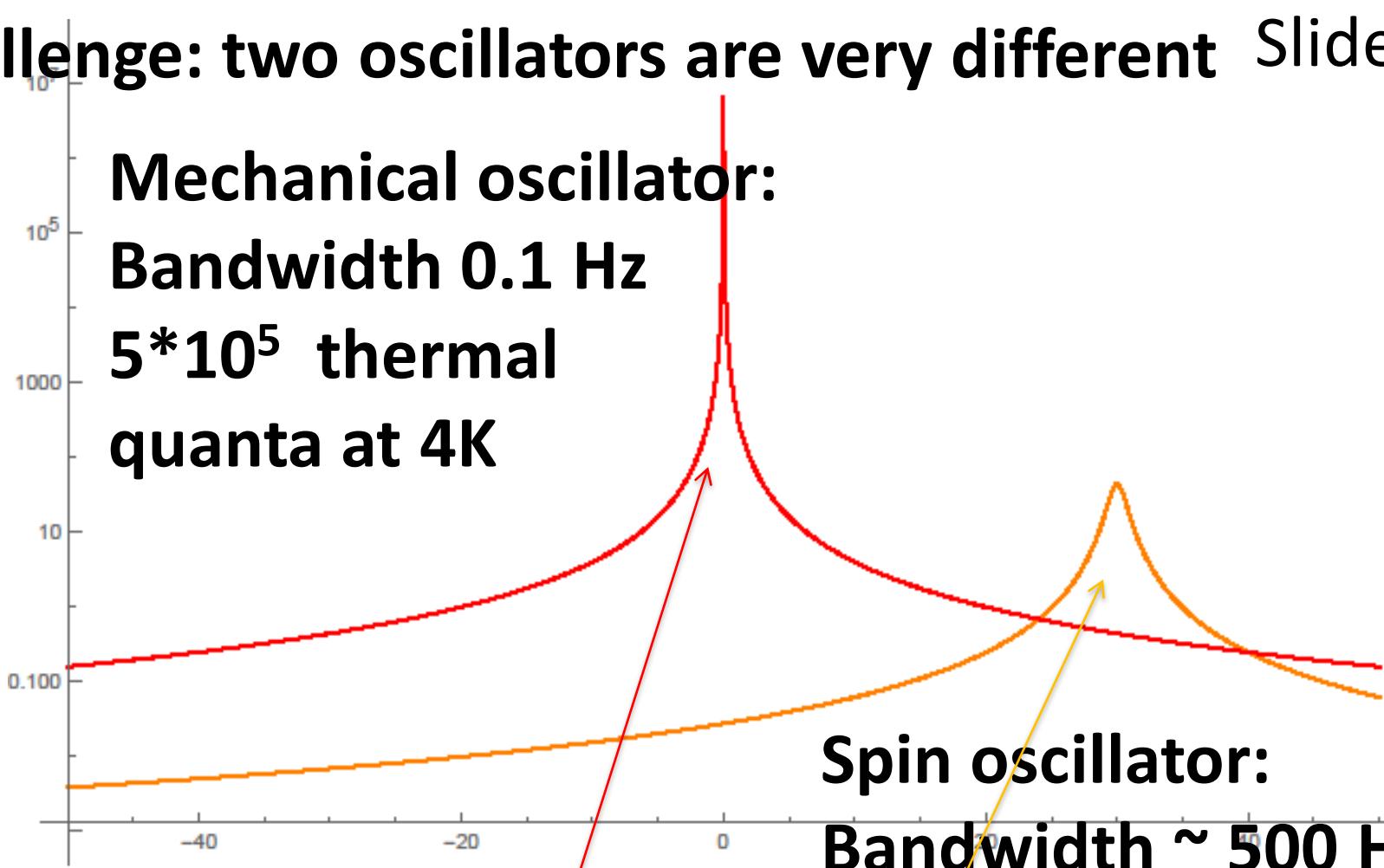
Summary:

**Back action evasion for measurement of motion
experimentally demonstrated**

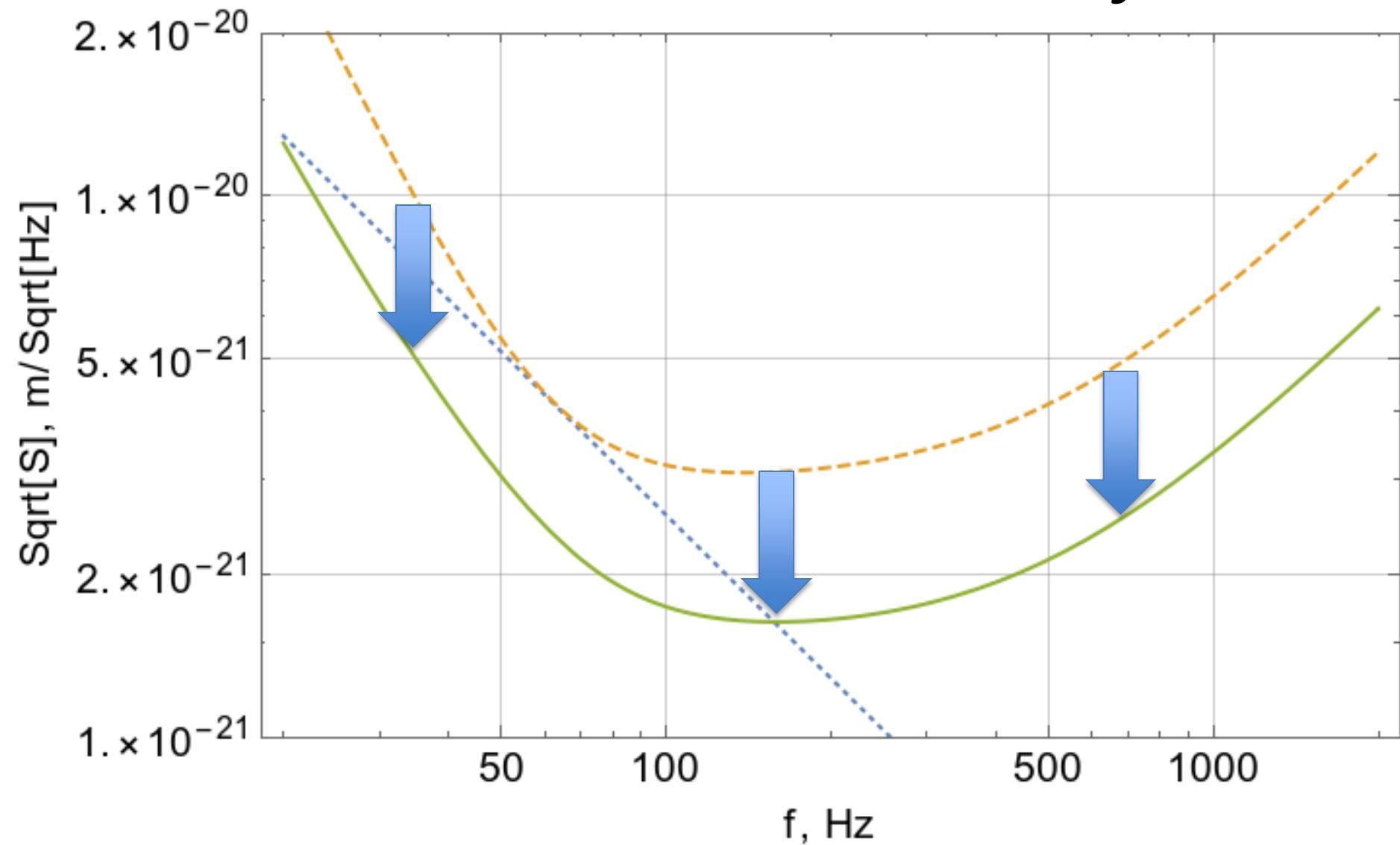
**Status: entangled light source + atomic spin
system for low frequency QBA evasion
under construction**

Challenge: as usual - optical losses

Challenge: two oscillators are very different Slide 15



$$\hat{P}_{L,\text{out}} = -\hat{P}_{L,\text{in}} - \sqrt{\Gamma_M \gamma_M} \chi_M \hat{F}_M + \sqrt{\Gamma_S \gamma_S} \chi_S \hat{F}_S + [\Gamma_M \chi_M + \Gamma_S \chi_S] \hat{X}_{L,\text{in}}^S$$

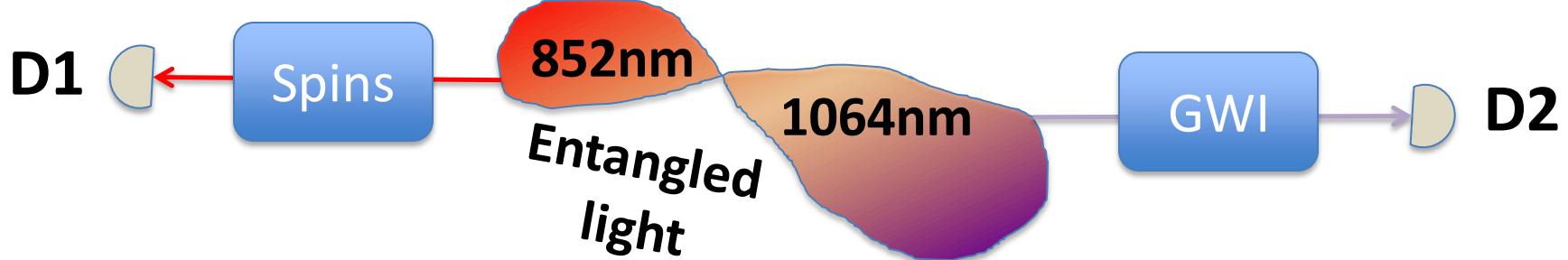
Simulation for LIGO

Probing the hybrid system with EPR entangled light modes

Slide 17

$$P_{L1,out} = -P_{L1,in} + \text{force terms} + \Gamma_M \chi_M X_{L1,in}$$

$$P_{L2,out} = -P_{L2,in} + \text{force terms} + \Gamma_S \chi_S X_{L2,in}$$



$$\begin{aligned} P_{L1,out} - P_{L2,out} &= -P_{L1,in} + P_{L2,in} + \text{force terms} \\ &\quad + \Gamma_M \chi_M X_{L1,in} - \Gamma_S \chi_S X_{L2,in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Gamma_S \chi_S = -\Gamma_M \chi_M$$

$$(P_{L1,in} - P_{L2,in})^2 = e^{-2r}$$

$$(X_{L1,in} + X_{L2,in})^2 = e^{-2r}$$

$$P_{L1,out} - P_{L2,out} \Rightarrow \text{force terms}$$

Measurement beyond SQL

1. Define trajectory relative to a quantum reference
2. Reference system has an effective negative mass
3. Entangled state of the reference and the probed systems is generated

See also:
Tsai and Caves, PRL 2010
M. Ozawa

“Establishing Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen channels between nanomechanics and atomic ensembles”. K. Hammerer, M. Aspelmeyer, ESP, P. Zoller. **PRL 102, 020501 (2009)**.

“Trajectories without quantum uncertainties”. K. Hammerer and ESP, **Annalen der Physik . (2015)**

Quantum back action onto spin oscillator

$$J_z^{lab} = J_z^{rot} \cos \Omega t - J_y^{rot} \sin \Omega t$$

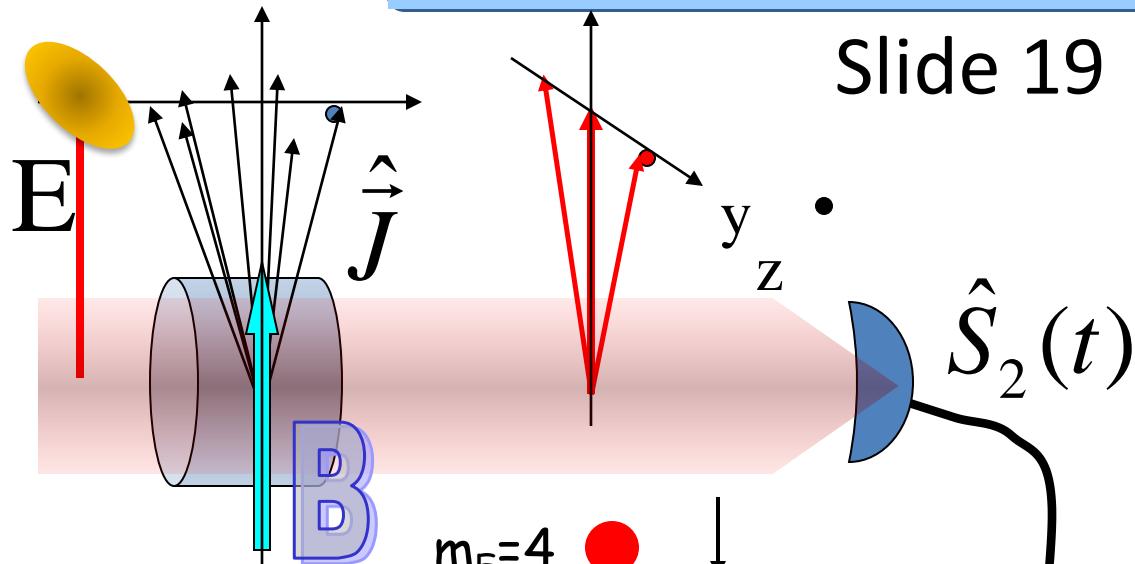
Ground+
2.2 vacuum
BA

vacuum BA

(Almost)
Ground
state

$X \sim J_z^{rot}(t) + \text{Back action noise}$

$P \sim J_y^{rot}(t) + \text{Back action noise}$



$m_F=4$
 $m_F=3$

1.38 MHz

$\cos \Omega t$

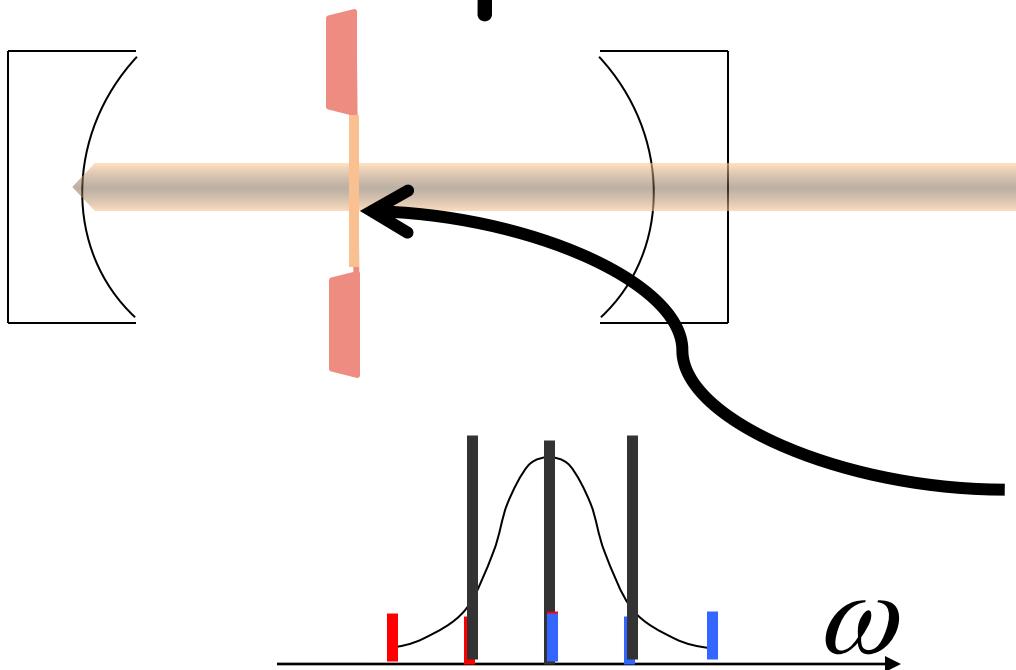
$\sin \Omega t$

Lock-in
amplifier

Slide 19

Quantum Optomechanics

Slide 20



SiN membrane

high - Q

$$H = \chi_{Par} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{b}^\dagger + \chi_{BS} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{b} + h.c.$$
$$= g X_M X_L$$

$$g = \chi_{Par} = \chi_{BS}$$